

## COMPERS A FALSE MARTYR

## ANTI-BOYCOTT WORKER SO DESCRIBES LABOR LEADER.

Tells the National Manufacturers That It Is Better for the Unions to Have Their Misses Described Clearly—Varying Views as to the Tariff.

R. Boocock, secretary of the American Anti-Boycott Association, in an address before the convention of the National Manufacturers Association at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon characterized Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison, the three labor leaders now under a jail sentence for contempt of court, as men who were "first false halos that are built out of specious invocations to the freedom of speech and of the press. The fact of their sentence to terms of imprisonment marks an achievement in the preservation of the dignity of the courts, he thought.

Mr. Boocock, who was introduced by President Van Cleave as "one who has something to say in which this association is vitally interested," handled union labor with hooks throughout an address of half an hour's length. He was frequently interrupted by applause from 150 manufacturers gathered in the north hall of the hotel.

"Few of us realize the wide sweeping significance of the boycott in all its phases of application," said the representative of the American Anti-Boycott Association, "and yet this knowledge is essential to a complete recognition of what is meant by anti-boycott. By the admission of Mr. Gompers the boycott is the keystone to the structure upon which organized labor has been built in this country. If so, it is unfortunate that the leaders have patterned after the foolish man of the Scripture and erected their house upon sands. The boycott is not essential to the success of organization workmen, even if it is imperative to the operation of the machinery of the present American Federation of Labor, because that body has admittedly been designed with the boycott."

The speaker went on to show how the boycott is used to preserve the monopoly of skilled labor. He traced the various methods of intimidation and terrorism that are practiced. Picketing, labor union conspiracy, intimidation and violence are so closely associated with and responsible for the boycott, he said, that when the establishment and enforcing of the illegality of the one is accomplished the second factor will of necessity be largely eliminated. Mr. Boocock continued:

Now in order that organized labor may neither be completely discredited by the indiscretions of its constituents or the rights and welfare of employers and the public be seriously endangered by the practices which it puts into effect, some course shall be adopted to frustrate the tyranny and arbitrary power to which it can so easily become committed through error and unwise leadership. One of the most majestic and effective safeguards against these dangers which actually exist in law, the interpretation, application and enforcement of law to the abuses of organized labor which are believed to be illegal.

There is special virtue then in seeking by constitutional measures the equity, justice and legality of any methods pursued by organized labor, which if permitted to go unchallenged and unsettled would constitute a source of individual disturbance and social detriment to all alike to employers and employees both from a financial and a fraternal standpoint. Equally before the law, the enjoyment of individual rights so long as they do not conflict with the rights of others, the freedom of directing one's life, one's business and one's property without coercion, threat or intimidation are principles that must be recognized, respected and preserved if liberty is to continue to be our boasted possession.

The speaker pointed out, as proof of the aphorism that while one man is saying "it can't be done" another is interrupting him by doing, that now there is a determination of the individual financial responsibility of members of labor unions for the acts of their officers and agents; the abolition of the "unfair list" of the American Federation of Labor after twenty-five years of undisturbed sway. Other signs of the times the speaker cited were "the outcome of the contempt charges against Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison in sustaining the dignity and authority of the courts; the challenge given to intimidation, picketing and violence in legal procedure after legal procedure until the application of law to these excesses of organized labor has built up a body of precedent that for all future time has made secure the rights of man."

An attempt is being made to invest with a halo of martyrdom the heads of the three labor leaders. This attempt is drawing on the popular argument of free speech and free press, and this appeal will grow with the day if justice is properly dispensed. If it is not the function of the courts of this land to stay malicious conspiracy and quell deliberate intimidation then I have wholly misplaced my conception of and confidence in them. Dispute as you please and analyze as you please, yet the action for which the labor leaders now stand condemned continues to appear as a defiance of the courts and contempt of the chief bulwark of our freedom, whatever may be the power other than free speech and a free press.

Mr. Boocock said that the union men themselves could hardly desire a better state of affairs than the continued testing in the scales of the law of their justice and righteousness of their practices. Immunity from the law at the present time will lead to inevitable disaster in the future he believed.

To prove to labor the things it cannot do is to lead it to the cultivation of things it can do in sufficient latitude for the achievement of great industrial benefactions and triumphs. To this end courts of law as clarifiers and enforcers of the good law from the bad must continue as our stern guardians of individual liberty and exact justice.

Besides Mr. Boocock's address interest at the afternoon's session of manufacturers was held by a hot discussion of the tariff which was introduced through the reading of a report of the organization's committee on tariff. The committee's report was in unqualified support of the provision for a permanent tariff commission which has been made a part of the Aldrich bill.

E. H. Dean of Indianapolis was one of the standstillers among the manufacturers who took the floor immediately after the reading of the committee report to argue against its adoption.

"I think that it is unfortunate that the discussion of the tariff should have appeared at the convention of the association in any form," said he. "I believe that a large majority of the members of the National Association of Manufacturers is not only opposed to tariff reduction but has no sympathy for the bill now before Congress for the creation of a permanent tariff tinkering commission. Nothing could be worse for the business interests of the country than the creation of this permanent body of tariff tinkers."

Mr. Dean was interrupted at this juncture by President Van Cleave, who reminded him that he was not sticking to his subject. President Van Cleave was in turn called to account by one of the Dean partisans for interrupting the speaker, and for a minute it looked as if tariff would split the manufacturers as evenly as it has other bodies in the past. The rift was closed, however, and tariff was the topic of discussion until the close of the afternoon session. One of the speakers on the subject was Mrs. Clark Fisher of Trenton, N. J., who manufactures anvils.

## VETERINARY CAN'T PRACTISE.

## Law May Be Unfair to Mulvey, Says Justice Hendrick, but It Can't Be Helped.

Supreme Court Justice Hendrick decided yesterday that Peter F. Mulvey, a veterinary surgeon of 2880 Broadway, who had practiced for twenty years and learned the business from his father, the late Stephen Mulvey, is not entitled to practice, because he is not a "registered, licensed veterinarian," as required by an act of the Legislature.

This law was passed at the instance of the Veterinary Medical Association, which discovered a year ago that Mulvey had not complied with the requirements and had him arrested. He was held for trial in Special Sessions. In view of the fact that Mulvey had practiced long before the law was passed Justice Guy last year directed the County Clerk to register him as having applied between January 1 and May 1, 1895, as required by the laws.

The association applied to have the order vacated because Mulvey had not appeared before the veterinary medical board of examiners for examination, but Justice Greenbaum decided that the association was not standing in the court. The association then got the Attorney General to make a similar application and Justice Hendrick now holds that as courts merely construe but do not make laws, Mulvey's registration must be set aside.

"Perhaps the law is too drastic and should have excepted men who like Dr. Mulvey have acquired such proficiency by twenty-two years of experience as others who possess the regents' license," said the court, "but it does not, and I feel compelled to grant this motion."

## POLICE STOP SCHOOLBOY.

## Holdup Auto in Which He Had Two Women Companions.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., May 18.—Edwin T. Holmes, Jr., 18 years old, of 43 West Thirty-seventh street, New York, a student at Harston School, Norwalk, left here early this evening in a motor car. Mrs. William L. Blaser, of 21 West Main street, Norwalk, and a very pretty girl whose name was not learned were with him.

Dr. Harston, proprietor of the school, heard of the departure and telephoned the police west of here to stop the party and hold the boy at any cost. A few minutes later word came that the party had been stopped by the Stamford police. Leon Fish, a teacher at Harston, went to Stamford and brought back the party. Holmes was indignant because he was stopped and he made a great deal of noise. Dr. Harston said that Holmes was under discipline and had no right to leave Norwalk. He said the ladies were friends of the school, but he declined to give their names. He said he called on the police because that was the only way to stop the boy. Mrs. Blaser said the party went to Stamford for a gas tank. She wouldn't tell her companion's name.

Edwin T. Holmes, Sr., is president of the Holmes Electric Protective Company.

## REPUBLIC LOSS CLAIMS.

## Something Like a New York Shilling in the Dollar May Be Collected.

The claims against the Italian Steamship Florida, which sank the Republic of the White Star Line, were filed yesterday with United States Commissioner Alexander. To meet the total claims, amounting approximately to \$1,725,000, there is not more than \$225,000 at the most. The claim of the Oceanic Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., owners of the Republic, amounts to \$1,600,000, with interest. The claim is made up as follows:

Ship, \$1,250,000; personal effects of the first class passengers, \$245,000; same of third class passengers, \$230,000; personal effects of crew, \$30,000; personal effects of master, fifteen officers and crew of 350, \$40,000.

The estate of William T. Mooney of Langdon, N. D., who was killed in the collision, put in a death claim for \$50,000. Michael F. Murphy of Grand Forks, N. D., has a claim for injuries amounting to \$2,500 to cover hospital expenses. Herbert L. Griggs claimed \$2,000 for injuries sustained by his wife, while Mrs. Margaret Murphy of Grand Forks, N. D., asked for \$50,000 for injuries said to have made her a cripple for life.

## HE HAD A HOME ONCE.

## Got to Get Another Before He Can Have His Children.

David Stark, a cigar manufacturer, had his wife, Lucie, and his two children, a boy of 10 and a girl 7 years old, brought before Supreme Court Justice Gildersleeve yesterday on a writ of habeas corpus.

## BANKER WOOLSEY IN TEARS.

## His Auto Killed a Boy—Coroner's Jury Exonerates Him.

Mintorne Woolsey, a banker of 32 Nassau street, testified in the inquest before Coroner Harburger into the death of Walter Purdy, 14 years old, of 113 West Ninety-fourth street. The Purdy boy was struck by Mr. Woolsey's automobile at Ninety-fourth street and Central Park West on May 11 and died the same day in the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

"You haven't any idea how I felt when that boy stepped off the curb with his back toward me and I realized that an accident could not be averted," said Mr. Woolsey. He said his car was not going more than six miles an hour, a statement which was supported by witnesses, and that he was driving the automobile himself. He said he had had a brother killed in a railroad accident and he could appreciate the feelings of the boy's parents. The banker was in tears before he finished his testimony.

## Farewell Dinner to Prof. Gotthell.

## A dinner in honor of Prof. Richard J. H. Gotthell of Columbia University was given last night at Delmonico's by Mrs. Lewis.

Among those present were Mrs. Lewis, Charles C. Torrey, Yale, and A. V. W. Jackson and W. E. Shephard of Columbia, Drs. John P. Peters, J. L. Magnus, William Hayes Ward and S. S. Wiles, Dr. Benjamin L. Louis, Dr. Paul Gotthell, Samuel Strauss and E. W. Bloomingdale.

Prof. Gotthell is to have charge next winter of the American School of Archaeology at Jerusalem. He will sail tomorrow on La Savole on a year's leave of absence.

## Taxicab Ordinance Recommended.

The Aldermen again balked yesterday at passing the proposed ordinance for the supervision of taxicabs and regulation of fares. Alderman Paterbrook contended that some of the sections were defective and that the measure ought to be referred to the Corporation Counsel. He moved that the committee be continued and it was, 35 to 12, with instructions to report it again next week.

## Dr. Lyon's PERFECT TOOTH POWDER

Cleaves, beautifies and preserves the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for almost Half a Century.

## STATE PENSION BILL VETOED

## HUGHES AGAINST BOND ISSUE FOR CIVIL WAR VETERANS.

Several Measures Which the Mayor Approved Reached the Governor's Desk Late for Action—The People to Vote on a \$7,000,000 Cayuga-Seneca Canal.

ALBANY, May 18.—One of the six bills recommended by the Cassidy commission, which investigated the financial condition of New York city, has been signed by Gov. Hughes. It is the Merritt bill prohibiting New York city from expending any part of the proceeds of the sale of corporate stock to pay operating expenses of the city, although the bill provides that expenditures for the Board of Water Supply and the Aqueduct Board, and this year, for the Department of Parks, shall not be considered operating expenses.

Several bills which Mayor McClellan approved did not reach the Governor within the fifteen day period and consequently he cannot consider them. One is Assemblyman Hoy's bill giving New York city employees a week's vacation, and another is Assemblyman Sargent's bill granting New York city certain lands under the waters of Jamaica Bay and vicinity with a view of permitting the city to cooperate with the Federal Government in the creation of a new harbor in and about Jamaica Bay and Rockaway Inlet, including the making of channels, basins, slips and other necessary adjuncts. This grant was to have become operative upon the United States Government making its first appropriation for the creation of the new harbor or upon the city of New York appropriating and setting aside a sum not less than \$1,000,000 for the same purpose.

The Governor has signed Senator Travis's bill enabling the Supreme Court Justices residing in Brooklyn to select a site for a new court house for Kings county, the site of the site and erecting the building to be a county charge. The Governor vetoed the bill giving civil war veterans a pension of \$8 a month to be paid by a bond issue to be voted by the people at the next general election. This grant was to have become operative upon the United States Government making its first appropriation for the creation of the new harbor or upon the city of New York appropriating and setting aside a sum not less than \$1,000,000 for the same purpose.

The Governor also has signed these bills: Senator Hart's, permitting New York city to exchange lands on Debevoise avenue, Queens borough; Senator Gladhill's, authorizing the New York Commissioner of Correction to take control of the Kings county jail and the transferring and the transporting of its prisoners; Senator Wright's, permitting supervisors to make provision for city poor where the Common Council fails to do so; Senator Rose's, permitting the local authorities to establish a curfew law in Middletown.

Senator Newcomb's, permitting the New York city Sinking Fund Commission to cancel taxes, assessments, Croton water rents against real estate owned by any corporation entitled to exemption of such real estate; Senator Wright's, regarding taxation for water purposes in White Plains; Assemblyman Foley's providing for an additional official interpreter in the City Court of New York.

## DISPUTE P. S. BOARD'S POWERS.

## Express Companies Set Up That Commission Has Jurisdiction Over Them.

ALBANY, May 18.—The up-State Public Service Commission has received the answers of the United States, American, National, Wells-Fargo and Canadian express companies to a complaint made by the Merchants Association of New York.

The companies move that the complaints be dismissed, declaring (1) that the commission has no jurisdiction over the matter or power to proceed against the defendant; (2) that the complaints set forth no matter or thing which is cognizable by the commission upon which has authority for any order or finding; (3) that the complainant is not a person or corporation aggrieved by any act or thing done or admitted to be done by the companies, and (4) that it is not such a person or corporation as can make a complaint against the defendants under the public service commission law.

The companies alleged unreasonableness of present rates, objectionable methods and practices, disregard of specified routing, delays in delivery, failure to deliver goods, delay in returning undelivered goods, delay in settlement of claims, unreasonable restrictions of free delivery limits, unreasonable restrictions of delivery hours, unreasonable restrictions as to methods of packing and delay in accounting for collection.

## AN UPPER BROADWAY RAILWAY.

## Company Incorporated to Operate Street Cars North of Manhattan Street.

ALBANY, May 18.—The Upper Broadway Railway Company of New York city was incorporated to-day with the Secretary of State to operate a double track streetcar line in Manhattan street to Broadway, to St. Nicholas avenue, to Fort George avenue.

The company has a capital stock of \$750,000 and the directors include Morgan V. D. Arnold, Charles F. Wright and Charles F. Hedden of New York city.

## MANY NEAR DEATH IN BIG FIRE.

## Women Carried Down Ladders and Men Perched to Hang From Windows.

Toledo, Ohio, May 18.—Fire destroyed the seven story Hower block in Akron to-day, causing \$1,400,000 loss. The fire started from an overturned barrel in the furniture storage room of the L. B. Dodge Furniture Company.

Twelve girls were carried down ladders from the third story windows, while eighteen men on the top floor were forced to hang out of the windows until the firemen rescued them with ladders.

Besides the loss to the furniture company the Diamond Fire Company and the Goodrich Rubber Company lost heavily on automobile tires stored in the building. The building was insured for \$600,000.



The Pullman Buffet Sleeper with Observation Smoking Room is a novel departure recently inaugurated on the new night train to Rochester and Buffalo

## The Buffalonian

Lv. New York, Desbrosses Street, 9.00 p.m.  
" " " West 42d Street, 9.15  
Ar. Rochester, " " 6.25 a.m.  
" Buffalo, " " 8.15

Returning, this train leaves Buffalo 9.00 p.m., Rochester 10.30 p.m., arriving West 42d Street 8.00 and Desbrosses Street 8.15 a.m.

## You Can Sleep

The route is water level, along the Hudson River and through the Mohawk Valley, insuring easy riding.

\$7.00 The West Shore Limited \$8.00  
to Rochester St. 8.05 a.m., West 42d St. 8.30 a.m., arrives Rochester 6.17 p.m., Buffalo 8.05 p.m.

## West Shore R. R.

## Tickets and Sleeping-Car Accommodations

The ticket offices at Desbrosses St. and West 42d St. Stations are open day and night every day in the year, and the principal city ticket office, 181 Broadway, is open every day (holidays and Sundays included), from 8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. Other ticket offices open 8.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. at the following places:

NEW YORK: 145, 415, and 995 Broadway, 225 Fifth Ave., 121 West 125th St. and 123 Essex St.  
BROOKLYN: 335, 345 and 775 Fulton St. and 354 Broadway.

Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of these offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will carry full information desired. Address, L. F. Vothburgh, 181 Broadway. Telephone 6310 Madison.

Our uptown store is now on 5th Ave. above 27th St.

## Smith-Gray

DOES 5th Avenue mean high prices to you? It doesn't to us. What success do you think we would have in selling at \$30 in our new 5th Avenue store the same Suit or Overcoat that we sell in each of our other stores at \$25?

If you consider us worthy of your trade, give us your confidence with it. You'll get the same sort of deal in the Smith-Gray store nearest to you that you will in each of the others. Four completely equipped Men's and Boys' Stores are showing our interpretation of Spring Fashion.

Settling The 5th Avenue Price Question.

New York Fifth Ave. above 27th St. Broadway at Warren St. Brooklyn Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave. Broadway at Bedford Ave.

## INVEST \$17

for one of our two-piece Suits built for you from our special sale of 200 pieces of new, up-to-date materials. The style and tailoring cannot be duplicated elsewhere for \$40.

Send for samples and convince yourself.

## ARNHEIM

Broadway & Ninth St.

## WITNESS DELAYED BY BLOCK.

Fined \$50 for It, He Gets a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

A case before Judge La Fette in Part VIII. of the City Court was held up for 35 minutes yesterday afternoon awaiting the arrival of William Rosenthal of 244 Broome street, whose wife was plaintiff in a suit against Jacob Ganz for \$500 on note.

When Rosenthal arrived he was fined \$50 for contempt but was unable to pay his fine and was turned over to Deputy Sheriff Blinn to go to the Tombs. His lawyer before Supreme Court Justice Gildersleeve and got a writ of habeas corpus on the statement that Rosenthal had been delayed by a street car block.

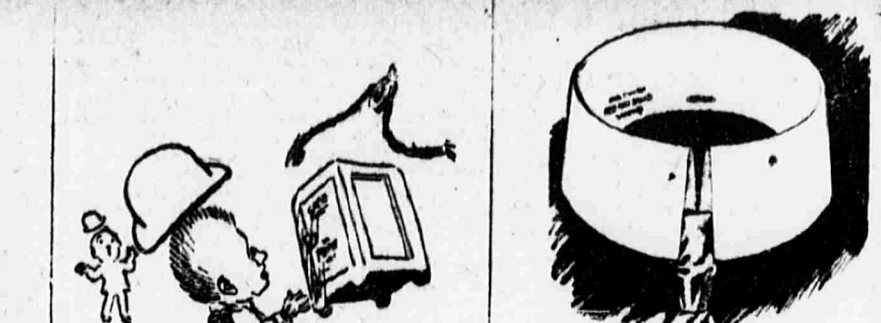
Justice Gildersleeve paroled him in custody of his counsel until this morning.

## CONRIED'S WILL NOT FOUND

Wife Will Apply to the Surrogate for Letters of Administration.

Frederick W. Sperling, counsel for his sister, Mrs. Augusta Conried, will apply to the Surrogate this morning for letters of administration in the estate of her husband, Heinrich Conried.

Mr. Sperling had got an order from the Surrogate directing the New Amsterdam Safe Deposit Company to permit a search in the late improver's box for a will. The will was not found, although Mrs. Conried thought it was there.



Who's responsible? Even a safe is not always safe—you always want to know who has the combination. Same with suits—We use safe materials—all wool and fast color fabrics which we ourselves have tested. We cut safe styles—designed with the fact in mind that most of our customers depend on us almost absolutely to keep their style up to date. But if anything goes wrong—We're responsible—for all our clothes all the time. Spring mixture suits, \$18 to \$42. Vestless suits, \$15 to \$30.

If much more of this "athletic" underwear is brought out, we'll have to start a men's lingerie department. Twenty-six varieties now of sleeveless shirts and knee drawers in all sorts of fine fabrics. From 50 cents a garment up.

Summer collars from the Red-Man camp. "Briarwood" and "Thornwood." Two for 25 cents. All the E. & W. summer collars too, 25 cents each.

Some specialties—Carriage liveries. Chauffeurs' suits. Club liveries. Yachting clothes. Riding breeches.

Just stacks of straws. More shapes, more braids than any season has brought in years past.

Splits, Sennits, Mackinaws, Milans, Panamas, Leghorns, Bangkoks. And the "Victor Jay" straw "boaters" from London.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY, Three Broadway Stores.

288 at Warren St. 342 at 12th St. 1302 at 34th St.

## Deceptive Prices

In clothing, as in everything else, there's a right and a wrong. The wise man knows that he must pay for what is worth while, and that the deceptive price covers a multitude of false promises.

If you would buy Right Clothing at Right Prices you must look for Responsibility back of the transaction.

A reason for dealing with Browning, King & Co. Suits \$15 to \$45.

## Browning King &amp; Company

Broadway at 32nd Street Corner Square at 5th Street Fulton Street, Brooklyn

## BLANEY'S LINCOLN 80.

5TH AVE. FOLLIES THE DAY

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL, 42nd St. Daily Mat. 2c. Evs. 25c-75c-1.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

BRAND-QUEEN OF THE MOULIN ROUGE

EDEN MUSIC HALL, 10th St. Daily Mat. 2c. Evs. 25c-75c-1.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

COLONIAL Montmartre & Moore, 4th St. Daily Mat. 2c. Evs. 25c-75c-1.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

ALHAMBRA Country Club, 4th St. Daily Mat. 2c. Evs. 25c-75c-1.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

MURRAY Hill Theatre, Mat. To-day, Smokey, 8.00. Evs. 1.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

SALES BY AUCTION. Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, 105-107 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. City. Harry A. Martman, Auctioneer.

TO-DAY AT 10 A. M. The Provident Loan Society of New York

of the collateral for unpaid loans made previous to and including January 31, 1909, at the following offices:

846 FOURTH AVENUE (Corner 29th Street) Loans to \$5,000, inclusive.

185 BROADWAY (Corner 14th Street) Loans to \$5,000, inclusive.

105 WEST 42D STREET (Corner 10th Street) Loans to \$5,000, inclusive.

105 WEST 125TH STREET (Corner 10th Street) Loans to \$5,000, inclusive.

105 WEST 125TH STREET (Corner 10th Street) Loans to \$5,000, inclusive.

A VALUABLE collection of postage stamps will be sold at the Collectors' Club, 11 East 34th St., May 20th, at 2 P. M. WALTER S. SCOTT, Auctioneer.

D. GORDON, Auctioneer, sells evening goods and old paintings at 624 6th Ave., N. Y.

EMPIRE Theatre, 40th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

MADE ADAMS IN WHAT EVERY GARRICK 25th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

WM. COLLIER FROM MEXICO. KNICKERBOCKER, 9th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

THE CANDY SHOP. CRITERION, 44th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

ELSIE JANIS FAIR CO-ED. SAVOY 24th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

OLGA NETHERSOLE ON THE WALL. LYCEUM 46th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

THE DAWN OF A NEW MORROW. HUDSON W. 4th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

THE THIRD DEGREE. ACADemy of Music, 14th St. & Irving Pl. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

MR. MANTELL. WALLACK'S LAST & NIGHTS 25th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.

WALLACK'S LAST & NIGHTS 25th St. Ev. 8.00. Mat. 2.00. Radio Fey & Co. Jack Lortimer, Chorus.